WEST SLOPE WATER DISTRICT WASHINGTON COUNTY, OREGON

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020



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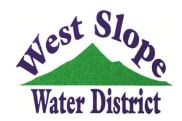


Prepared by Lucy Dawes Manager, Finance and Customer Service

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Board of Commissioners Citizens of West Slope Water District Portland, Oregon

To: The Board of Commissioners and Citizens

State law requires that every municipal corporation publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, unless extended, a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Management has full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits; the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Grove, Mueller & Swank PC, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the West Slope Water District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the District

The West Slope Water District provides domestic water service to residential and commercial customers as well as water for fire protection. The District is in eastern Washington County, Oregon with a current service area of approximately three-and-one-half square miles and over 10,000 residents. Washington County is in northwestern Oregon and is one of the counties that comprise the Portland Metropolitan Statistical Area. The District was formed in 1922, operating as authorized by Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 264. The District is not a component of any other entity, nor does the District have potential component units, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. A five-member Board of Commissioners, elected to over lapping four-year terms of office governs the district. The Board of Commissioners set policy and appoint a General Manager, who is charged with management of the District.

The District is organized into two units reporting to the General Manager. Three Water Works Operators report directly to the Manager, Operations. The Customer Service and Utility Billing Specialist reports directly to the Manager, Finance and Customer Service.

The District's Board of Commissioners is required to adopt a budget each year by July 1st. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the District's financial planning and control for the District's activities. The District maintains accounting records by object within each fund and the budget is prepared, adopted, and appropriated on that same basis within each fund. Most budget changes after adoption require a resolution by the Board of Commissioners.

West Slope Water District purchases 100% of its water from the City of Portland. The District Board of Commissioners signed a 20-year Regional Water Sales Agreement with the City of Portland effective July 1, 2006 which secured water resources from the Bull Run Watershed and Columbia South Shore well fields through June 30, 2026.

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The District is fortunate to have a backup intertie with the Tualatin Valley Water District (TVWD). The intertie supplies the District with on-demand water supply for emergencies and scheduled maintenance. District staff monitor interties with Portland and TVWD utilizing Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) controls.

The District's transmission and distribution systems total 48 miles of water main ranging in size from 2 to 18 inches in diameter, containing one 2.25-million-gallon concrete reservoir, one 3-million-gallon concrete reservoir and one 0.8-million-gallon steel tank. All reservoirs are covered and secured. The District maintains over 450 hydrants, 800 valves, and 3,200 water meters.

The City of Beaverton withdrew approximately 5% of the District's service territory in May 2009. The District and the City of Beaverton finalized an Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) on May 18, 2011 for debt service and unclaimed water reimbursement. Additional information about the IGA with the City of Beaverton can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statement on page 37.

Local Economy

The District serves an area fully developed with minimal vacant land. The development experienced is generally infill. The expected growth for the District's service territory is minimal, at 0.3 percent. Most of the District's service territory is residential with a mix of commercial running down Canyon Road and Beaverton-Hillsdale Highway.

Most of the District's operating revenue comes from the sale of water to residential and commercial customers. Because, as noted above, the District has very little available property for additional development, fluctuations in revenue are driven primarily by variations in outdoor temperature and the responsive demand for landscape irrigation by both residential and commercial customers.

Under the terms of the 20-year Regional Water Sales Agreement between the City of Portland as wholesale water provider and the District as one of multiple wholesale water purchasers, the District's purchased water costs can be significantly impacted by capital improvement costs undertaken by the City of Portland. The District closely monitors its eight-year financial plan which utilizes among other variables the wholesale water rate forecasts provided by the City of Portland. Recent forecasts from the City of Portland have shown substantial increases to their wholesale water rates over the next eight years. To meet increased purchased water costs the District will be required to increase customer rates correspondingly.

The District receives minimal revenues from the assessment of System Development Charges (SDC). This revenue source is statutorily restricted to be used for purchase or construction of new or expansion of existing facilities, improvements, and land within the District. Effective April 1, 2021 the SDC for a standard residential meter (5/8 x 3/4) is \$1,660. Additional SDC fee historical data is in the Statistical Section on page 56.

Historically as funds are available in the SDC fund, the District has paid one bond interest payment of around \$56k from SDC funds. This practice was suspended for fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2021 due to diminished SDC fund balance, and all bond payments were made from the General Fund. This does not change how the District calculates debt coverage and related debt covenants. Information about debt covenants is in the Management Discussion and Analysis on page 12, the Notes to the Financial Statement on page 25, and the Statistical Section on page 58. Management regularly monitors water sales, expenses, and debt coverage.

Long-term financial planning

The District maintains a Ten-Year Water System Master Plan which serves as its planning document to ensure that facilities, equipment, and infrastructure are well maintained and operating in peak condition. The Water System Master Plan was updated and approved by the Board of Commissioners on February 19, 2014. The Master Plan was developed with a team comprised of District staff, and professionals in engineering and finance. Replacement of infrastructure is identified and rated by importance related to critical District operations. A few of the factors in the decision-making process are the fire flow capabilities and age and repair history of infrastructure.

The District's current bond rating by Moody's Global Rating Scale is A1. The District has no plans for future

borrowing. The District historically borrowed money to build replacement reservoirs. Current financial plans include annual contributions into the Capital Improvement Reserve fund which are utilized to provide needed system replacement on a pay as you go basis.

Effective June 20, 2018 the Board of Commissioners adopted resolution 04-2018 to establish a rate stabilization fund which provides the ability as per the 2008 bond master resolution to smooth variations in revenue for purposes of meeting the bond debt service covenants. As of June 30, 2021, \$800,000 has been accumulated in the Rate Stabilization fund. The fund was established in response to significant projected future rate increases from the City of Portland (the City) which were provided to the District in March 2018. More recent projections from the City show their rates will still increase substantially but the increases should be more gradual and should occur over a longer period of time. The most recent intention of the District is to utilize the rate stabilization funds to absorb some of the impact to customer rates from these substantial increases.

The District commissioners and staff have a responsibility to protect the District assets from fraud. With a small finance staff, we have addressed the limited separation of duties, a leading fraud prevention measure. The District maintains a system of internal accounting controls that is reviewed annually by management. The controls are designed to safeguard District assets and ensure accurate recording of transactions. District controls include oversight by the District's Commissioners and General Manager of bank reconciliations, issued checks, investments, financial reports, and other District business as necessary.

Financial Policies

Consistent with the GFOA best practice, the District maintains a General Fund operating expense contingency equal to three months of General Fund operating expenses. Additionally, the budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 includes a \$500,000 operating contingency in the capital improvements reserve fund due to a \$2,000,000 plus main line replacement project scheduled in that fiscal year.

Capital projects are pre-funded via budgeted accumulations of transfers from the General Fund into the Capital Improvement Reserve fund.

Equipment replacement is pre-funded as per depreciation schedules.

SDC funds will be utilized when available to make bond debt service payments on outstanding Bonds whose proceeds were utilized for capital improvements.

Cash is held only in the Local Government Investment Pool, and a combined checking and depository bank account.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to West Slope Water District for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was the fifteenth year the District has achieved this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire District staff. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the District staff who assisted and contributed to the timely completion of this report.

Credit also must be given to the Board of Commissioners for their support in maintaining high standards of professionalism in the management of the District finances. Their guidance and leadership are of invaluable service to the financial management and stability of the District.

Respectfully Submitted,

Michael Grimm

General Manager

Lucy Dawes

Lucy dawes

Manager, Finance & Customer Service



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

West Slope Water District Oregon

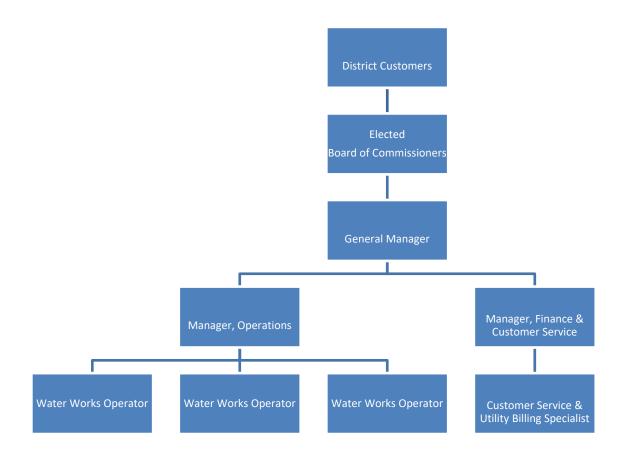
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

West Slope Water District Organization Structure



BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

June 30, 2021

Board of Commissioners	Term Expires
Charlie Conrad, Chair	June 30, 2021
Andy Smith, Treasurer	June 30, 2023
Paul Schuler, Secretary	June 30, 2021
Carol Wild	June 30, 2023
Michael Hoffman	June 30, 2021

Commissioners may be contacted at the address(s) below:

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In Person 3105 SW 89th Avenue Portland, Oregon 97225

Via US Mail P.O. Box 25140 Portland, Oregon 97298

Via Email: customer.service@wswd.org.

Via voice message: 503-292-2777

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners West Slope Water District Portland, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activity of the West Slope Water District (the District) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activity of the West Slope Water District as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in total other post-employment benefits liability and related ratios, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - OPERS, and the schedule of the District's OPERS contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Municipal Corporation, we have issued our report dated December 1, 2021, on our consideration of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Devan W. Esch, A Shareholder

December 1, 2021

West Slope Water District Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

As management of the West Slope Water District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (FY 2021). We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, and financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The District's total assets & deferred outflows of resources exceeded its total liabilities & deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 by \$12.1 million (net position). Of this amount, \$4.1 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's obligations to its creditors.
- The District's net position increased by \$848 thousand or 7.5%. Unrestricted net position increased \$714 thousand or 20.8%.
- The District's total assets & deferred outflows of resources increased \$733 thousand or 4.7%.
- The District's total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased \$115 thousand or 2.8%

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the West Slope Water District's basic financial statements. The District is a self-supporting entity and follows enterprise fund reporting. Accordingly, the financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of four components: 1) Statements of Net Position, 2) Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, 3) Statements of Cash Flows, and 4) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. This report also contains supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

The Statement of Cash Flows shows the sources and uses of cash. It details cash flows from the operating activities, capital and related financing activities and investing activities. The Notes to the Financial Statements beginning on page 17 provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Financial Analysis

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. As shown below in Table 1, the District's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$12.1 million this current fiscal year, \$11.3 million at the close of FY 2020, and \$10.9 million at the close of FY 2019.

By far the largest portion of the District's net position reflects the investment in capital assets (e.g., pipelines, meters, valves, reservoirs, land, buildings, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The District uses these assets to provide water services to ratepayers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Table 1 Net Position FY 2021 – FY 2019

	2021	2020	2019	Difference 2021-2020	Percent Change
Current and Other Assets	\$ 5,492,297	\$ 4,645,998	\$ 4,246,928	\$ 846,299	18.2%
Capital Assets	10,140,880	10,303,370	10,613,376	(162,490)	-1.6%
Total Assets	15,633,177	14,949,368	14,860,304	683,809	4.6%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	560,641	511,724	448,683	48,917	9.6%
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows					
of Resources	\$ 16,193,818	\$ 15,461,092	\$ 15,308,987	\$ 732,726	4.7%
Current Liabilities	\$ 618,046	\$ 656,495	\$ 666,719	\$ (38,449)	-5.9%
Noncurrent Liabilities	3,336,595	3,370,761	3,559,299	(34,166)	-1.0%
Total Liabilities	3,954,641	4,027,256	4,226,018	(72,615)	-1.8%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	106,608	149,201	181,298	(42,593)	-28.5%
Total Liabilities & Deferred Inflows of					
Resources	4,061,249	4,176,457	4,407,316	(115,208)	-2.8%
Net Investment in Capital Assets	7,934,982	7,825,088	7,872,710	109,894	1.4%
Restricted for Capital Projects	54,753	30,789	14,794	23,964	77.8%
Unrestricted	4,142,834	3,428,758	3,014,167	714,076	20.8%
Total Net Position	12,132,569	11,284,635	10,901,671	847,934	7.5%
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Net Position	\$ 16,193,818	\$ 15,461,092	\$ 15,308,987	\$ 732,726	4.7%

Change in Net Position

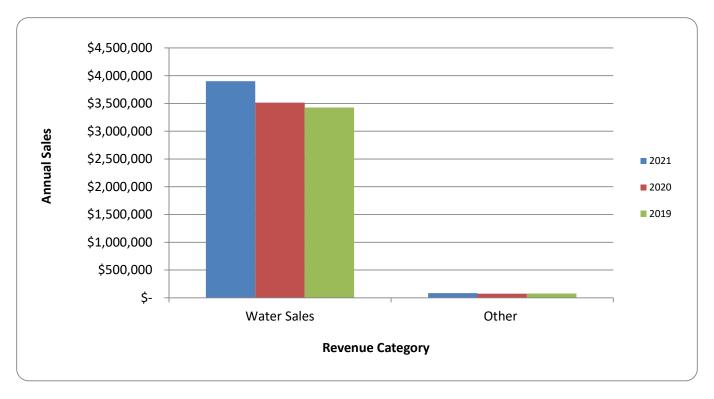
As shown below in Table 2, the District's change in net position for FY 2021 was an increase of \$848 thousand which is 121.4% more than the increase in the FY 2020. The change in net position for FY 2020 was an increase of \$383 thousand which was 56.4% lower than the increase in FY 2019. Generally, the increase each year is generated primarily by operating income from water sales that exceed operating expenses. FY 2021 experienced extremely hot dry weather which caused the increase over FY 2020. In FY 2019 two capital contributions of service lines by builders added \$349 thousand to the increase. There were \$0 capital contributions of this type in FY 2020 which is the primary reason for the smaller increase in FY 2020 compared to FY 2019.

Operating Income. The District generated \$915 thousand of operating income in FY 2021, which is \$531 thousand or 138.2% more than the operating income generated in FY 2020. The District generated \$384 thousand of operating income in FY 2020 which is a decrease of \$186 thousand or 32.6% less than the operating profit generated in FY 2019. See the next pages for explanations of these variances.

Table 2 Change in Net Position FY 2021 – FY 2019

				Difference	Percent
	2021	2020	2019	2021-2020	Change
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Water sales	\$ 3,901,044	\$ 3,515,801	\$ 3,428,519	\$ 385,243	11.0%
Other services	85,661	74,246	76,556	11,415	15.4%
Total operating revenues	3,986,705	3,590,047	3,505,075	396,658	11.0%
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personnel services	1,094,844	1,054,065	919,143	40,779	3.9%
Water purchases	1,220,019	1,359,983	1,222,219	(139,964)	-10.3%
Materials and services	350,530	386,859	392,762	(36,329)	-9.4%
Depreciation and amortization	405,831	404,775	400,304	1,056	0.3%
Total operating expenses	3,071,224	3,205,682	2,934,428	(134,458)	-4.2%
Operating income	915,481	384,365	570,647	531,116	138.2%
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest income	29,613	71,661	69,215	(42,048)	-58.7%
Interest expense	(84,431)	(88,579)	(117,212)	4,148	-4.7%
Loss on disposition of assets	(36,401)		5,441	(36,401)	
Net non-operating revenue (expenses)	(91,219)	(16,918)	(42,556)	(74,301)	439.2%
Excess before capital contributions	824,262	367,447	528,091	456,815	124.3%
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS:	23,672	15,517	349,371	8,155	52.6%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION:	847,934	382,964	877,462	464,970	121.4%
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	11,284,635	10,901,671	10,024,209	382,964	3.5%
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$12,132,569	\$11,284,635	\$10,901,671	\$ 847,934	7.5%

Figure 1 Operating Revenue Comparison FY 2021 – FY 2019



Operating Revenues. The District's total operating revenue for FY 2021 was \$397 thousand or 11% more than FY 2020 due primarily to increased water sales of \$385 thousand or 11%. Total operating revenues for FY 2020 increased by \$85 thousand or 2.4% over FY 2019 due to increases in water sales of \$87 thousand or 2.5%.

Water sales increased significantly during FY 2021 due to increased use of 52,333 units caused primarily by hot dry weather and slightly by a 6% increase to water rates effective June 17, 2021. Water sales in FY 2020 increased slightly over FY 2019 due to decreased usage of 56,413 units caused by cool weather which was offset by twelve full months at a 12% water rate increase effective September 18, 2018.

FY 2021 other services revenue of \$85 thousand increased \$11 thousand or 15.4% over FY 2020. This is due to increases in new service installations, meter moves, higher collected row fees, and scrap revenue from copper in removed meters. The increases were partially offset by declines in penalty fees which were suspended due to the Covid-19 pandemic. Other services revenue of \$74 thousand for FY 2020 is a minimal decrease of \$2 thousand or 3% compared to \$77 thousand in FY 2019. FY 2020 penalty revenue declined and was offset in part by increases in installs of new services.

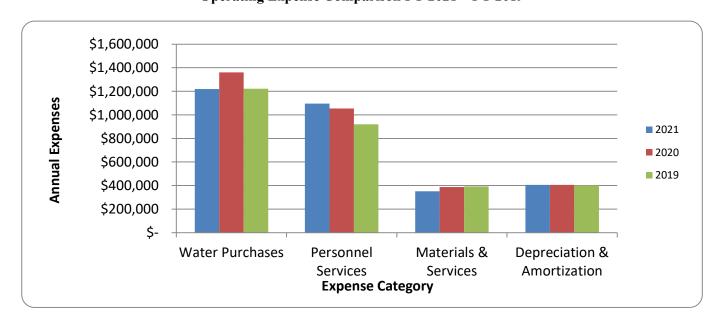


Figure 2
Operating Expense Comparison FY 2021 – FY 2019

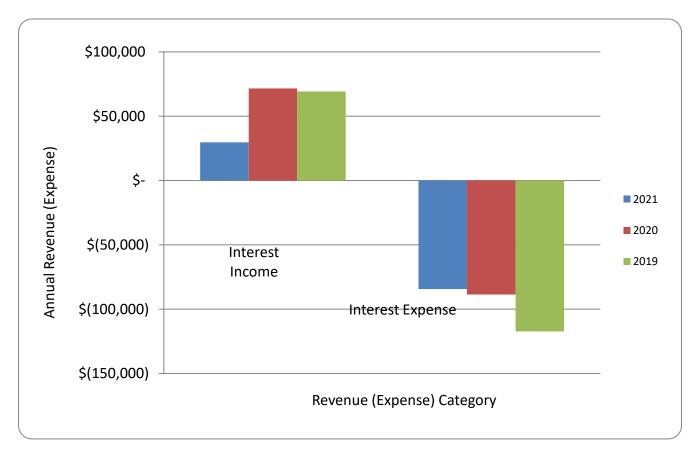
Operating Expenses. Total operating expense in FY 2021 decreased \$134 thousand or 4.2% compared to FY 2020. Total operating expenses for FY 2020 increased \$271 thousand or 9.2% from FY 2019.

Water purchased by the District is the largest single operating expense. FY 2021 purchased water cost decreased \$140 thousand, or 10.3% from FY 2020. The FY 2021 rates from the City of Portland (City) declined due to decreases in the City's rate base for City costs for a reduced rate of return and reduced water studies. FY 2020 purchased water cost increased \$138 thousand, or 11.3% over FY 2019. The rate increase for FY 2019 over FY 2018 included increases to the rate base for the City's internal rate of return, and two capital projects which came online: Hannah Mason Pump Station, \$300 thousand, and groundwater well improvements, \$1 Million.

Total personnel costs for FY 2021 increased \$41 thousand or 3.9%. Total personnel costs for FY 2020 increased \$135 thousand or 14.7% from FY 2019. The increases in both years are due primarily to increases in employee pension costs. FY 2021 and 2020 pension costs included \$150 thousand and \$130 thousand of increases to the District's share of the pooled unfunded actuarial liability in the Oregon Public Employee's Pension Plan (PERS).

Materials and services other than purchased water in FY 2021 decreased \$36 thousand or 9.4% from FY 2020 due primarily to declines in professional services and water tests. Materials and services other than purchased water in FY 2020 decreased slightly by \$6 thousand or 1.5% from FY 2019. During FY 2020 main break and valve rebuild costs declined and were partially offset by increases to bad debts related to covid, professional services to work on a new contract with the City of Portland, EPA required water tests, and increased fees on higher levels of customer's credit card activity.

Figure 3 Non-operating Revenue (Expense) Comparison FY 2021 – FY 2019



Non-operating Revenues (Expenses). FY 2021 net non-operating (expense) increased \$74 thousand or 439.2% from FY 2020. FY 2020 net non-operating (expense) decreased \$26 thousand or 60.2% compared to FY 2019.

The increase to expense in FY 2021 is a combination of declines in interest income, \$42 thousand, and a loss on disposition of assets of \$36 thousand. Market interest rates available on investments took a sharp drop during 2021 and a loss was taken on meters which failed and were removed from service before the end of their estimated useful life. Comparatively, gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets was \$0 in FY 2020.

FY 2021 Interest expense declined by \$4 thousand from FY 2020 following the regularly scheduled pay-down of principle on the bonds. FY 2020 interest expense declined \$28 thousand compared to FY 2019 due a payoff of the transitional liability due the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS).

Table 3
Total Revenues and Total Expenses
FY 2021 – FY 2019

	2021	2020	2019	Difference 2021-2020	Percent Change
Operating Revenues Non-operating Revenues	\$ 3,986,705 16,884	\$ 3,590,047 71,661	\$ 3,505,075 74,656	\$ 396,658 (54,777)	11.0% -76.4%
Total Revenues	\$ 4,003,589	\$ 3,661,708	\$ 3,579,731	\$ 341,881	9.3%
Operating Expenses Non-operating Expenses	\$ 3,071,224 84,431	\$ 3,205,682 88,579	\$ 2,934,428 117,212	\$ (134,458) (4,148)	-4.2% -4.7%
Total Expenses	\$ 3,155,655	\$ 3,294,261	\$ 3,051,640	\$ (138,606)	-4.2%

Total Revenues and Expenses

Total FY 2021-FY 2019 revenue and expense for the District is shown in Table 3 above.

FY 2021 total revenue increased \$342 thousand or 9.3% over FY 2020. FY 2020 total revenue increased \$82 thousand or 2.3% compared to FY 2019.

Total FY 2021 expense decreased \$139 thousand or 4.2% from the previous fiscal year. FY 2020 total expense increased \$243 thousand or 8% compared to FY 2019.

Table 4
Capital Assets FY 2021

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital Assets, non-depreciable:	_			
Land	\$ 44,724	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 44,724
Projects in progress		115,132		115,132
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	44,724	115,132	-	159,856
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Buildings	364,724	-	-	364,724
Water systems	15,727,453	17,555	-	15,745,008
Equipment	1,066,192	147,055	(108,912)	1,104,335
Total capital assets, depreciable	17,158,369	164,610	(108,912)	17,214,067
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	(181,897)	(9,522)	-	(191,419)
Water systems	(6,155,117)	(330,203)	-	(6,485,320)
Equipment	(562,709)	(66,106)	72,511	(556,304)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,899,723)	(405,831)	72,511	(7,233,043)
Net depreciable capital assets	10,258,646	(241,221)	(36,401)	9,981,024
Net capital assets	\$ 10,303,370	\$ (126,089)	\$ (36,401)	\$ 10,140,880

Capital Assets Activity

As shown in Table 4 above, West Slope Water District's capital assets, net of depreciation on June 30, 2021 are \$10.1 million. The District's net capital assets included \$44.7 thousand in land, and \$9.9 million in buildings, reservoirs, pipelines, automotive and construction equipment net of accumulated depreciation. The total decrease in the District's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for FY 2021 was \$162 thousand or 1.6% from FY 2020.

This decrease consists primarily of current year's depreciation of \$406 thousand combined with net disposals of \$36 thousand which more than offset the current year's additions of \$280 thousand.

Figure 4
Distribution of Capital Assets
FY 2021

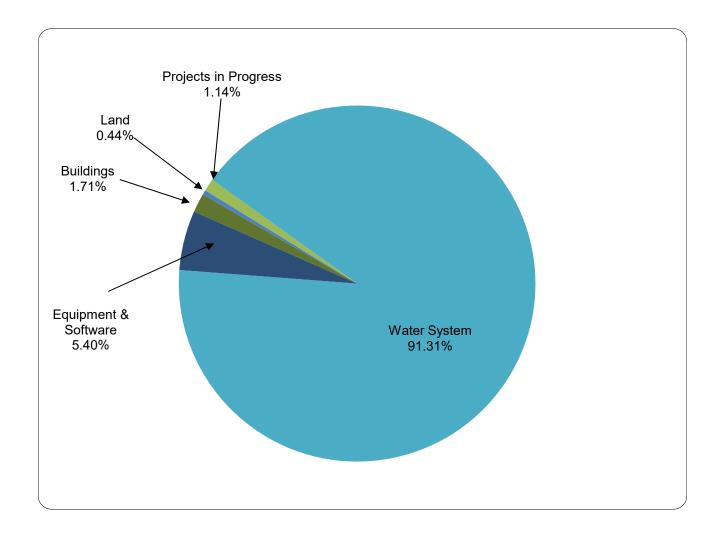


Figure 4 above shows the District's capital asset categories and their portion (percentage) of the District's total asset value in FY 2021. Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found on pages 22 and 23 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt Activity

On June 30, 2021 the West Slope Water District had total outstanding bonded indebtedness of \$2.2 million as shown in Table 4 below. The District issued the water revenue bonds to finance capital improvements, most importantly a new 3-million-gallon water reservoir replacing the failing Reservoir 1. The bond matures during FY 2029 and is insured with Financial Security Assurance Inc. (FSA). The District has an underlying rating from Moody's of A1.

On January 16, 2008 the Board of Commissioners adopted the master resolution including covenants to maintain annual net operating revenues that equal or exceed 1.25 times revenue bond debt service for the fiscal year and at least 1.15 times debt service less system development charges collected during the fiscal year. As of fiscal year-end 2021 and 2020 the District maintained compliance with these water revenue bond debt service coverage requirements. FY 2021 net operating revenues plus SDC revenue minus transfers into the rate stabilization fund totaled \$1,335 million, or 3.8-times debt service.

On June 20, 2018 the Board of Commissioners adopted resolution 04-2018 to establish a rate stabilization fund which provides the ability as per the 2008 bond master resolution to smooth variations in revenue for purposes of meeting the bond debt service covenants. As of June 30, 2021 \$800,000 has been accumulated in the Rate Stabilization fund. The fund was established in response to significant projected future rate increases from the City of Portland which were provided to the District in March 2018. The most recent intention of the District is to utilize these funds to assist with smoothing of customer rate increases in years of highly variable purchased water costs.

Table 5 Outstanding Revenue Bond Debt FY 2021 – FY 2019

	2021	2020	2019
Revenue Bond	\$ 2,205,898	\$ 2,478,282	\$ 2,740,666

The Notes to the Financial Statements of this report contain more detailed information regarding the status of bonded debt as of June 30, 2021, including schedules of future debt service requirements which begin on page 24. In addition, further detailed information regarding debt activity is contained in the statistical section of this report beginning on page 58.

Conditions Affecting Current Financial Position

Management is unaware of any conditions not disclosed in this report that would have a significant impact on the District's financial positions, net position, or operating results in terms of past, present, and future.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of West Slope Water District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Manager, West Slope Water District, PO Box 25140, Portland, Oregon 97298, or ldws.wwwd.org.

RASIC	FINANCIAI	LSTA	TEMENTS
DANGE			

The basic financial statements include interrelated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. In addition, the notes to the basic financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

WASHINGTON COUNTY, OREGON STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021 and 2020

ASSETS		2021		2020
Crown and Agg atg				
Current Assets Cash and investments	\$	4,855,933	\$	4,070,192
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	Ψ	509,365	Ψ	455,208
Prepaid expenses		45,277		38,263
Inventories		26,969		51,547
Total Current Assets		5,437,544		4,615,210
Noncurrent Assets				
Restricted cash		54,753		30,788
Non-depreciable capital assets		159,856		44,724
Depreciable capital assets, net of depreciation		9,981,024		10,258,646
Total Noncurrent Assets		10,195,633		10,334,158
Total Assets		15,633,177		14,949,368
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows - related to other post employment benefits		6,014		7,017
Deferred outflows - related to pension liability		554,627		504,707
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		560,641		511,724
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	16,193,818	\$	15,461,092
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	186,208	\$	207,890
Accrued payroll liabilities		64,652		62,916
Customer deposits		15,072		15,572
Compensated absences Interest payable		48,641 21,088		74,182 23,551
Current portion of long-term debt		282,385		272,384
Total Current Liabilities		618,046		656,495
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Other post employment benefits		83,672		77,703
Net pension liability		1,329,410		1,087,160
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt		1,923,513		2,205,898
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		3,336,595		3,370,761
Total Liabilties		3,954,641		4,027,256
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows - related to other post employment benefits		17,816		20,786
Deferred inflows - related to pension liability		88,792		128,415
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		106,608	,	149,201
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		7,934,982		7,825,088
Restricted for capital projects		54,753		30,789
Unrestricted		4,142,834		3,428,758
				11 204 (25
Total Net Position		12,132,569		11,284,635

WASHINGTON COUNTY, OREGON

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

r the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020	2021	2020	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Water service	\$ 3,901,044	\$ 3,515,	801
Service installations	8,510	5,0	059
Penalties	1,780		900
Service modifications	5,161	2,	300
Miscellaneous	7,286	:	508
Rights of way fees	47,246	43,	824
Other	 15,678	15,	655
Total Operating Revenues	3,986,705	3,590,	047
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and wages	591,499	590,	706
Payroll taxes and benefits	503,345	463,	359
Water purchases	1,220,019	1,359,	983
Repair and maintenance	127,331	91,	639
Depreciation and amortization	405,831	404,	775
Supplies	73,152	83,	186
Utilities	11,843	12,	826
Rights of way fees	47,288	43,	970
Administration	59,658	74,	334
Professional services	 31,258	80,	904
Total Operating Expenses	 3,071,224	3,205,	682
Operating Income	915,481	384,	365
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest income	29,613	71,	661
Interest expense	(84,431)	(88,	579)
Loss on disposition of assets	 (36,401)	_	-
Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(91,219)	(16,5	918)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	 23,672	15,	517
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	847,934	382,	964
NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	11,284,635	10,901,	671
NET POSITION, End of Year	\$ 12,132,569	\$ 11,284,	635

WASHINGTON COUNTY, OREGON STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

CACHA EL ONIG EDOM ODED ATING A CONTROLES		2021		2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢.	2.022.040	ф	2 (5 (700
Received from customers	\$	3,932,048	\$	3,656,799
Payments to employees	((458,595)		(596,900)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(2,078,012)		(2,238,015)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		1,395,441		821,884
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Capital asset purchases		(279,742)		(94,769)
Debt principal payments		(270,000)		(260,000)
Interest paid		(89,278)		(93,238)
Capital contributions		23,672		15,517
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(615,348)		(432,490)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest received		29,613		71,661
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS		809,706		461,055
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Beginning of year		4,100,980		3,639,925
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, End of year	\$	4,910,686	\$	4,100,980
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO				
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income	\$	915,481	\$	384,365
Adjustments				
Depreciation		405,831		404,775
Provision for losses on accounts receivable		(5,000)		10,000
(Increase) decrease in:		(40.157)		55,002
Accounts receivable		(49,157)		55,902
Prepaid expenses		(7,014)		2,753
Inventory		24,578		(6,670)
Deferred outflows of resources		(48,917)		(63,041)
Increase (decrease) in:		(21 (92)		(22.007)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(21,682)		(23,897)
Accrued payroll liabilities		1,736 (500)		(1,855)
Customer deposits		` /		850
Compensated absences		(25,541)		21,968
Net OPEB obligation		5,969		(7,808)
Net pension liability		242,250		246,803 (170,164)
Pension transitional liability		(42.502)		
Deferred inflows of resources		(42,593)		(32,097)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	1,395,441	\$	821,884

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021 and 2020

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to government units in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the district's accounting policies are described below.

Description of Reporting Entity

West Slope Water District is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member board. The district was organized under provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 264 for the purpose of operating a water district. All the District's activities are included in its financial statements. The District has no component units to consider for inclusion in its financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District's accounting records are maintained on a fund accounting basis for budgetary and legal purposes; but, for financial reporting purposes, the financial statements are presented as a unitary enterprise operation, and as such, are reported as a single enterprise fund in the basic financial statements.

The District's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the "economic resources" measurement focus. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities are reflected within the balance sheet with the equity section representing "total net position".

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to customers for water sales. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Cash and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both:

- a. Readily convertible to known amounts of cash.
- b. So near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

Generally, only investments with original maturities of three months or less meet this definition.

The District follows GASB 72, which requires investments to be valued at fair value. The difference between cost and fair value was not material.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021 and 2020

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Accounts Receivable

Water revenues are recorded when earned. Residential and commercial billings are prepared once per month. The District accrues estimated revenue for water used by customers, but not yet billed. An allowance for doubtful accounts is reviewed periodically for adequacy using an analysis of the age of accounts outstanding.

Inventories

Inventory of materials is valued using the average-costing method of accounting.

Prepaid Insurance

Unexpired insurance premiums on policies in effect on June 30, 2021 are recorded as prepaid insurance and are recorded as expense when used.

Restricted Assets

Assets, the use of which is restricted to specific purposes by state statute, bond indenture, or other outside party, are segregated on the Statement of Net Position.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and improvements, buildings and improvements, and equipment, are valued at cost. Water systems acquired before June 30, 1954, are valued at estimated cost as determined by a consulting engineer. All subsequent additions to the water systems are valued at cost. Donated capital assets, works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in service concession arrangements are recorded at their acquisition value on the date donated.

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and having useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation of capital assets has been recognized and reflected in the basic financial statements. Depreciation is not budgeted under the provisions of local budget law.

Asset	Years
Water Systems	50
Buildings & Improvements	39
Equipment & Software	5 - 20

Equipment and software includes heavy and light duty vehicles, water meters, office equipment, computers, and software. Depreciation for all categories is calculated on the straight-line method based upon management's assessment of the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Monthly depreciation is taken in the year the assets are acquired or retired. Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021 and 2020

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Vacation pay is vested when earned. Employees earn annual leave based on length of service to the District. As allowed by Code of Federal Regulations 29 553.21 for public employees, District employees are allowed to "bank" up to 240 hours of compensatory time off for overtime pay and pager duty pay. Unpaid vested vacation and "banked" compensatory time is shown as a current liability for compensated absences on the statement of net position and is recorded as an expense when earned. Because vested vacation and accumulated compensatory pay are payable in full upon demand they are recorded as a current liability. Sick pay does not vest and is recorded as expense when paid.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until then. The District reports deferred outflow of resources related to pensions for contributions made after the June 30, 2020 measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. The District reports deferred inflows related to pension for changes in projected earnings versus actual earnings and actual contributions versus proportionate share of contributions.

Long-term Obligations

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expense when incurred.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Net Position

Net position comprises the various net earnings from operations, non-operating revenues, expenses, and contributions of capital. Net position is classified in the following three categories.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction, and improvement of those assets.
- Restricted consists of external constraints placed on net position use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted consists of the remaining net position that is not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued

Net Position (continued)

System Development Charges are the only source of restricted funds at the District. They may be used for capital improvement projects or debt service on past capital improvement projects. The District utilizes restricted SDC funds for bond payments against the 2008 revenue bonds when balances are large enough to cover one payment. The proceeds from the 2008 revenue bond issue were used to build infrastructure in 2008. Any remaining bond payments are made from unrestricted funds.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2021, investments included in cash and cash equivalents consisted of:

	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Cost/ Fair Value
Investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool	0.00	\$4,169,245
At June 30, 2020, investments included in cash and cash eq	uivalents consisted of:	
	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Cost/ Fair Value
Investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool	0.00	\$3,498,912

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The weighted average maturity of the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (the pool) at June 30, 2021 and 2020 was 231 and 226 days respectively. The Pool's investment policy requires that 50% of the portfolio must mature in 93 days. A maximum of 25% of the portfolio may mature over one year, and no investment may mature later than three years from its settlement date.

Credit Risk

State statutes authorize the District to invest in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, and the State Treasurer's Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, among others. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Concentration Of Credit Risk

The District does not currently have an investment policy for concentration of credit risk. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations, but is not regulated by other laws, organizations, or regulations. The reported value of the Pool is the same as the fair value of Pool shares. Investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). The Pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is unrated.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. As of June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020 the book values of the District's bank deposits were \$740,991 and \$601,618 and the bank balances were \$753,840 and \$607,941. \$250,000 of the bank balance was covered by FDIC insurance. As required by Oregon Revised Statues, deposits more than federal depository insurance are held at a qualified depository for public funds. All qualified depositories for public funds are included in the multiple financial institution collateral pool that is maintained by and in the name of the Office of the State Treasurer. As a result, the District's remaining deposits more than FDIC insurance are considered to be fully collateralized.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The District bills water users monthly. Additionally, the District bills the City of Beaverton annually for unclaimed water reimbursement as per the terms of the May 18, 2011 IGA related to the City of Beaverton withdrawal of 5% of the District's territory. Receivables net of allowance at June 30, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	2021	2020
Water service receivable	\$ 478,367	\$ 400,978
Allowance for uncollectible water		
service receivables	(5,000)	(10,000)
Beaverton unclaimed water		
reimbursement receivable	35,998	53,761
Other receivable	-	10,469
	\$ 509,365	\$ 455,208

CAPITAL ASSETS

The changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2021 are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	
Capital assets, non-depreciable:					
Land	\$ 44,724	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 44,724	
Projects in progress		115,132		115,132	
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	44,724	115,132		159,856	
Capital assets, depreciable:					
Buildings	364,724	-	-	364,724	
Water systems	15,727,453	17,555	-	15,745,008	
Equipment	1,066,192	147,055	(108,912)	1,104,335	
Total capital assets, depreciable	17,158,369	164,610	(108,912)	17,214,067	
Less: accumulated depreciation					
Buildings	(181,897)	(9,522)	-	(191,419)	
Water systems	(6,155,117)	(330,203)	-	(6,485,320)	
Equipment	(562,709)	(66,106)	72,511	(556,304)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,899,723)	(405,831)	72,511	(7,233,043)	
Net depreciable capital assets	10,258,646	(241,221)	(36,401)	9,981,024	
Net capital assets	\$ 10,303,370	\$ (126,089)	\$ (36,401)	\$ 10,140,880	

CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

The changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2020 are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance	
Capital assets, non-depreciable:								_
Land	\$	44,724	\$		\$		\$	44,724
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		44,724		-		_		44,724
Capital assets, depreciable:								
Buildings		364,724		-		-		364,724
Water systems	15,	727,453		-		-	1.5	5,727,453
Equipment		971,423		94,769		-		1,066,192
Total capital assets, depreciable	17,	063,600		94,769			1′	7,158,369
Less: accumulated depreciation								
Buildings	(172,923)		(8,974)		-		(181,897)
Water systems	(5,	825,266)	(3	29,851)		-	(6	5,155,117)
Equipment	(496,759)	((65,950)		-		(562,709)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,494,948)		(404,775)		-		(6	5,899,723)
Net depreciable capital assets	10,	568,652	(3	10,006)		-	10),258,646
Net capital assets	\$ 10,	613,376	\$ (3	10,006)	\$		\$ 10),303,370

The cost of certain water mains and service installations since July 1, 1973 has been financed by contributions from persons requesting the extensions. Records are not adequate to determine amounts prior to July 1, 1973.

LONG-TERM DEBT

During the year ended June 30, 2021, long-term debt activity was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Add	litions	D	eletions	Ending Balance	ie within ne year	e in More n one year
Bonds Bond premiums	\$ 2,460,000 18,282	\$	-	\$	(270,000) (2,384)	\$ 2,190,000 15,898	\$ 280,000 2,385	\$ 1,910,000 13,513
Total bonds payable	\$ 2,478,282	\$	-	\$	(272,384)	\$ 2,205,898	\$ 282,385	\$ 1,923,513

LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

During the year ended June 30, 2020, long-term debt activity was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due within one year	Due in More Than one year
Bonds Bond premiums	\$ 2,720,000 20,666	\$ -	\$ (260,000) (2,384)	\$ 2,460,000 18,282	\$ 270,000 2,384	\$ 2,190,000 15,898
Total bonds payable	\$ 2,740,666	\$ -	\$ (262,384)	\$ 2,478,282	\$ 272,384	\$ 2,205,898

Water Revenue Bonds

In February 2008, the District issued \$5,000,000 of revenue bonds to finance the costs of additions, replacements, expansions and/or improvements to the District's water system. The District's net revenues are pledged to the payment of principal and interest on the Bonds. Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

		Original
		Issue
_ Purpose	_ Interest Rates	Amount
Reservoir 3	3.5% - 4%	\$5,000,000

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

-		•	Rev	enue Bond			
Fiscal Year	P	Principal		nterest	Total		
2022	\$	280,000	\$	79,241	\$	359,241	
2023		290,000		68,694		358,694	
2024		300,000		57,631		357,631	
2025		310,000		46,000		356,000	
2026		325,000		33,697		358,697	
2027-2028		685,000		27,700		712,700	
		2,190,000	\$	312,963	\$	2,502,963	
Bond premium		15,898					
	\$	2,205,898					
		<u> </u>					

LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The interest rate for the revenue bond debt service is as follows:

Periods Ending	Interest Rate
2021-2022	3.650%
2023-2024	3.750%
2025-2026	3.875%
2027-2028	4.000%

In addition to pledging the District's Net Revenues to the payment of principal and interest on the bonds, the bonds are subject to certain requirements related to financial reporting, maintaining insurance, maintaining good operational condition of the systems assets, complying with all safety and environmental regulations, restrictions on the sale or transfer of property, and restrictions on the minimum rates charged for water.

The District must establish and maintain rates and fees in connection with the operation of the water system which when combined with other gross revenues, are adequate to generate:

- 1) Net revenues at least equal to 125% of the annual debt service due in that fiscal year.
- 2) Net revenues excluding System Development Charge Revenues, at least equal to 115% of the annual debt service due in that fiscal year,
- 3) Net revenues excluding transfers in from the rate stabilization account, at least equal to 100% of the annual debt service due in that fiscal year

The District met these financial requirements for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Effective June 20, 2018 the Board authorized the establishment of a rate stabilization account as is allowed by the Bond Master Resolution and Official Statement. The rate stabilization account can be used at the discretion of the District to meet the requirements of the rate covenants by transferring funds into the rate stabilization account in years when net revenues generated exceed the required debt service coverage and funds may be transferred out of the rate stabilization account to supplement revenues and smooth rate increases.

PENSION PLAN – OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description

Substantially all District employees are members in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit and defined contribution pension plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for government units in the State of Oregon. Employees hired before August 29, 2003 belong to the Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit Program (established pursuant to ORS Chapter 238), while employees hired on or after August 29, 2003 belong to the OPSRP Pension Program (established pursuant to ORS Chapter 238A). OPERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at: https://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Pages/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021 and 2020

PENSION PLAN – OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Benefits Provided

Tier One/Tier Two Pension Program

Pension Benefits. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (1.67% for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981), or a money match computation, if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at a minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer. General Service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member for disability benefit regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes After Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually for Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA) based on the Portland Consumer Price Index. The COLA is capped at 2% annually.

Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP):

The 2003 Oregon legislature enacted HB 2020, codified as ORS 238A, which created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP). OPSRP consists of the defined benefit Pension Program and the defined contribution Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership in the Pension Program includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. Beginning January 1, 2004 PERS active Tier One and Tier Two members also became members of the IAP portion of OPSRP. PERS members retain their existing Regular or Variable accounts, but member contributions are now deposited into the member's defined contribution IAP account.

June 30, 2021 and 2020

PENSION PLAN – OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Pension Benefits. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated by formula for members who attain normal retirement age. For general service members, 1.5% is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit. A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse receives, for life, 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement. Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA for service on or before October 1, 2013 is 2% annually, for service after October 1, 2013 the COLA is capped at 1.25% on the first \$60,000 of annual benefits and .15% on annual benefits above \$60,000.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates for the period were based on the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2019. The District's contribution rates for the period excluding the employee paid 6% to IAP and the employer paid 4.37% for pension transitional liability principal and interest were 28.98% for Tier One/Tier Two members, and 20.21% for OPSRP General Service members. The District's contribution excluding .06% paid for RHIA (see below other postemployment benefits), and employee paid 6% for IAP, was \$147,315 in fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and \$124,996 in fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Covered employees are required to contribute 6% of their salary to the Plan. Employers are allowed to pay any or all of the employees' contribution in addition to the required employers' contribution. The District has elected to have employees pay the 6% employee IAP contribution.

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021 and 2020 respectively, the District reported a liability of \$1,329,410 and \$1,087,160 for its proportionate share of the State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP), OPERS net pension asset/liability. The June 30, 2021 net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2020 measurement date (used for June 30, 2021 reporting), the District's proportion was 0.006092%, which is a decrease from its proportionate share of 0.006285% measured as of June 30, 2019 (used for June 30, 2020 reporting).

PENSION PLAN - OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$300,188, and \$262,892 respectively.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		eferred tflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	58,510	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions		71,345	345 2,50		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		156,321	21		
Changes in porportionate share		84,112		74,390	
Differences between employer contributions and employer's proportionate share of system contributions	37,024			11,902	
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		147,315		-	
Total	\$	554,627	\$	88,792	

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$147,315 included above will be recognized as either a reduction of the net pension liability or an increase in the net pension asset in the year ending June 30, 2022.

The amounts other than subsequent contributions reported above as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in the following years:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	
2022	\$ 64,565
2023	107,906
2024	95,887
2025	51,348
2026	(1,186)
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 318,520

PENSION PLAN - OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued

At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		ows of Inflows of					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	59,954	\$	-				
Changes in assumptions		147,486	486					
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		-		30,820				
Changes in porportionate share	115,442		115,442		e share 1			97,295
Differences between employer contributions and employer's proportionate share of system contributions		56,829		300				
Contributions subsequent to measurement date	124,996			-				
Total	\$	504,707	\$	128,415				

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$124,996 were recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

The amounts other than subsequent contributions reported above as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in the following years:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 Thereafter	\$ 110,031 19,746 63,741 51,533 6,245
Total	\$ 251,296

PENSION PLAN – OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date

Measurement Date

Experience Study

Actuarial Cost Method

December 31, 2018

June 30, 2020

2018, Published July 24, 2019

Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined valuation

payroll (Tier one/Tier two plus OPSRP payroll) over 20 years

for Tier 1/Tier 2 and over 16 years for OPSRP.

Asset Valuation Method Market value of assets

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation Rate 2.50% Long-term expected rate of return 7.20% Discount rate 7.20%

Projected Salary Increases 3.5% compounded annually

Mortality Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:

Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, Sex Distinct, Generational Projection

with Unisex Social Security Data Scale

Active members:

Pub-2010 Employee, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-

backs as described in the valuation.

Disabled retirees:

Pub-2010 Disabled retirees, sex distinct, generational projection

with Unisex Social Security Data Scale.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2018 experience study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2018.

PENSION PLAN – OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in May 2019 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption was based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	20-Year Annualized Geometric Mean
Core Fixed Income	9.60 %	4.07 %
Short-Term Bonds	9.60	3.68
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.60	5.19
High Yield Bonds	1.20	5.74
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	16.17	6.30
Small Cap US Equities	1.35	6.68
Micro Cap US Equities	1.35	6.79
Developed Foreign Equities	13.48	6.91
Emerging Market Equities	4.24	7.69
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.93	7.25
Private Equity	17.50	8.33
Real Estate (Property)	10.00	5.55
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50	6.69
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	1.50	4.06
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.38	5.59
Timber	1.13	5.61
Farmland	1.13	6.12
Infrastructure	2.25	6.67
Commodities	1.13	3.79
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.5%

PENSION PLAN – OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan at June 30, 2021 and at June 30, 2020 was 7.2%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date and as of the June 30, 2019 measurement date. Both years utilized a discount rate of 7.2%. The table also shows what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.2%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.2%) than the current rate.

Proportionate share of the net pension libility/(asset):

6/30/2020	6/30/2019
6/30/2021	6/30/2020
7.2%	7.2%
\$ 1,329,410	\$ 1,087,160
1,974,064	1,740,990
788,838	539,994
	6/30/2021 7.2% \$ 1,329,410 1,974,064

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report at https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2020-CAFR.pdf.

POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Implicit Rate Subsidy

Plan Description

The District provides subsidized health benefits to retirees under age 65, as required by ORS 243.303. Under ORS 243.303 retirees electing to remain on the District-sponsored health plans may pay all or a portion of the premium to maintain coverage. Even when the District does not directly contribute to the cost of the premium for these retirees, the premium itself does not represent the full cost of covering these retirees (since they are older than the active population, retirees can be expected to generate higher medical claims and therefore higher premiums for the active population). This additional cost is called the "implicit rate subsidy" and is required to be valued under GASB Statement 75 (GASB 75).

The plan does not have a separate report, and no assets are accumulated into a trust.

POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

Implicit Rate Subsidy (Continued)

Benefits Provided:

Retirement Eligibility: To be eligible for health insurance continuation under ORS 243.303, retirees must be receiving benefits from Oregon PERS. The Oregon PERS eligibility requirements to begin receiving retirement benefits for Tier 1 or Tier 2 members are the earlier of age 55, or any age with 30 years of service, for OPSRP members the requirements are age 55 with 5 years of service. The OPEB benefit applies to all classes of District employees and covers qualified spouses, domestic partners, and children. Employees electing to remain on the District's sponsored health care plan pay the entire premium to maintain coverage.

The actual monthly health care premium for plan members at June 30, 2021 was:

Single	\$ 679
Employee&Children	1,257
Couple	1,359
Family	1,937

Employees covered by benefit terms: At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

- Active Employees 7
- Retired Employees Utilizing Coverage 0
- Retired Employees Eligible for Coverage 0

Funding Policy

Retirees pay the entire cost of the premium at blended rates. The District's only contribution is the implicit rate subsidy which continues to be financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The District's Board of Commissioners and the Oregon State Legislature have the authority to establish or amend the funding policy.

POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

Implicit Rate Subsidy (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation upon which the June 30, 2021 OPEB liability is based, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs.

Valuation Date	July 1, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, level percent of salary

Inflation Rate2.50%Discount rate2.75%

Projected Salary Increases 3.5% plus Salary Merit Scale below.

Mortality Basic Table

Pub-2010 General Employees table, separate Employee/Healthy

Annuitant, sex distinct, generational

Improvement Scale:

Unisex Social Security Data Scale (60 year average)

Male Adjustments:

115% of above rates 12 month set back.

Female Adjustments:

125% of above rates, no set back.

Calara Maria Carla	D	т
Salary Merit Scale:	Duration	Increase
	0	3.70%
	5	2.24%
	10	1.21%
	15	0.54%
	20	0.16%
	25	0.01%
	30+	0.00%
Annual Premium Increase	Year	Rate
	2019-20	6.8%
	2020-21	6.7%
	2021-22	6.6%
	2022-23	6.5%
	2023-24	6.4%
	2024-25	6.3%
	2025-26	6.2%
	2026-27	6.1%
	2027-28	6.0%
	2028-29	5.9%
	2029-30	5.8%
	2030-31	5.7%
	2031-32	5.6%
	2032-33	5.5%
	2033-34	5.4%
	2034-35	5.3%
	2035-36	5.2%
	2033-30	5.4/0

2036-37

2037 +

5.1% 5.0%

POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

Implicit Rate Subsidy (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	77,703
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost		6,157
Interest		2,272
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experiece		-
Changes of assumptions or other input		-
Benefit payments		(2,460)
Net changes		5,969
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	83,672
Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate		
1% Decrease	\$	90,626
1% Increase		77,298
Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Tr	end Ra	.te
1% Decrease	\$	72,890
1% Increase		97,194

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$4,002, and \$5,961.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported \$6,014 of deferred outflows of resources and \$17,816 of deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from all sources. At June 30, 2020 the District reported \$7,017 of deferred outflows of resources and \$20,786 deferred inflows of resources.

Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA)

The District's total RHIA OPEB liability and amounts required by GASB 75 are immaterial to the District's financials and therefore are not included in the Financial Statements or the footnotes. A description of the plan and benefits provided is below.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021 and 2020

POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) (Continued)

Plan Description

As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), the District contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible T1/T2 employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing defined benefit multiple-employer other post-employment benefit plan administered by the OPERS trust. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at https://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Pages/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

Benefits Provided

ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employer, and any monthly cost more than \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410.

Authority to establish and amend the benefit provision of RHIA resides with the Oregon Legislature. Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004.

Retirement Eligibility

To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Funding Policy

RHIA funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates for the period were based on the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The rates first became effective July 1, 2019. The District's contributions in fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 respectively were \$166 and \$142.

DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all district employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, are held in trust by the plan administrator for the sole benefit of the participants.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021 and 2020

LAND USE AGREEMENT

In June 1994, the District transferred property to the Tualatin Hills Park and Recreation District for the purpose of a neighborhood park. If the property is used for any purpose other than a park, the land will revert to the possession of West Slope Water District and cause a sale thereof with all proceeds going directly to the District.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance to minimize its exposure to these risks. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

The District and the City of Beaverton have an intergovernmental agreement (IGA) related to the withdrawal of service territory from the District into the City of Beaverton. The City of Beaverton withdrew approximately 5% of the District's service territory in May 2009. The IGA states the City of Beaverton will provide debt service reimbursement to the District of approximately \$15,000 annually until year 2028 when the last bond payment is due or a mutually agreed upon lump sum payment.

In addition, the IGA states the City of Beaverton has agreed to pay the District for a portion of unclaimed water the District would have sold to the withdrawn territory. This is to help offset the expense incurred by the District from the minimum purchase agreement in the District's 20-year Regional Water Sales Agreement with City of Portland. For the years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020 the amounts of debt service reimbursement totaled \$15,678, and \$15,655 respectively, and water reimbursement totaled \$35,998 and \$53,760 respectively.

ADOPTION OF NEW GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

The District will implement new GASB pronouncements no later than the required fiscal year. The District has evaluated all pronouncements issued through June 2021 with various required dates after June 30, 2021. The District has determined none of these pronouncements have a significant impact to the District financial statements.

CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The District is involved in litigation for work completed in August 2017 under the construction contract to seismically upgrade the District's Green Tank. The Contractor is disputing \$76,125 of liquidated damages withheld by the District from the project retainage. The District has calculated liquidated damages as per the signed construction contract based on a 113-day delay in meeting the substantial completion deadline set forth in the contract. It is the opinion of District management that the matter will be settled in favor of the District.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 1, 2021, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. Management is not aware of any additional subsequent events that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

 $SCHEDULE\ OF\ CHANGES\ IN\ TOTAL\ OPEB\ LIABILITY\ AND\ RELATED\ RATIOS\ LAST\ FOUR\ FISCAL\ YEARS**$

Other Post-employment Benefits

Retiree Medical Benefit Implicit Rate Subsidy

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$ 77,703	\$ 85,511	\$ 78,141	\$ 70,038
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost	6,157	5,873	5,730	5,730
Interest	2,272	3,179	2,815	2,549
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experiece	-	(23,756)	-	-
Changes of assumptions or other input	-	8,020	-	-
Benefit payments	(2,460)	(1,124)	(1,175)	(176)
Net changes	5,969	(7,808)	7,370	8,103
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 83,672	\$ 77,703	\$ 85,511	\$ 78,141
Covered Payroll	\$ 591,499	\$ 590,706	\$ 568,020	\$ 552,766
Total OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	14.15%	13.15%	15.05%	14.14%

No assets for this plan are accumulated into a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB75. The District funds the plan on a pay as you go basis.

^{**10-}year trend information will be presented prospectively

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS**

Fiscal Year Ended	Measurement Date	District's Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of NPL(A) as % of Payroll	Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as % of Total Pension Liability
6/30/2021	6/30/2020	0.0061%	\$ 1,329,410	\$ 604,497	219.9%	75.8%
6/30/2020	6/30/2019	0.0063%	1,087,160	514,975	211.1%	80.2%
6/30/2019	6/30/2018	0.0055%	840,357	553,431	151.8%	82.1%
6/30/2018	6/30/2017	0.0048%	652,438	519,845	125.5%	83.1%
6/30/2017	6/30/2016	0.0073%	1,088,476	502,837	216.5%	80.5%
6/30/2016	6/30/2015	0.0079%	451,442	425,820	106.0%	91.9%
6/30/2015	6/30/2014	0.0074%	(168,169)	549,701	-30.6%	103.6%
6/30/2014	6/30/2013	0.0074%	378,607	503,986	75.1%	92.0%

^{** 10-}year trend information required by GASB Statement 68 will be presented prospectively

Changes in Benefit Terms and Assumptions:

Benefit Terms: The 2013 Oregon Legislature made a series of changes to PERS that lowered projected future benefit payments from the System. These changes included reductions to future Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) made through Senate Bills 822 and 861. Senate Bill 822 also required the contribution rates scheduled to be in effect from July 2013 to June 2015 to be reduced. The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon, issued on April 30, 2015, reversed a significant portion of the reductions the 2013 Oregon Legislature made to future System Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) through Senate Bills 822 and 861. This reversal increased the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014 total pension liability.

Assumptions: The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2016 total pension liability and June 30, 2018 total pension liability. For June 30, 2016, the changes included the lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.50 percent and lowering of the assumed inflation to 2.50 percent. For June 30, 2018, the long-term expected rate of return was lowered to 7.20 percent. In addition, the healthy mortality assumption was changed to reflect an updated mortality improvement scale for all groups, and assumptions were updated for merit increases, unused sick leave, and vacation pay were updated.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS**

		Contributions in relation to			
	Contractually required contributions	contractually required contributions	Contribution deficiency (excess)	District's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2021	\$ 147,315	\$ (147,315)	\$ -	\$ 604,497	24%
2020	124,996	(124,996)	-	514,975	24%
2019	108,924	(108,924)	-	553,431	20%
2018	100,095	(100,095)	-	519,845	19%
2017	74,891	(74,891)	-	502,837	15%
2016	66,170	(66,170)	-	425,820	16%
2015	81,691	(81,691)	-	549,701	15%
2014	87,845	(87,845)	-	503,986	17%

^{** 10-}year trend information required by GASB Statement 68 will be presented prospectively

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Budgetary Comparison schedules of Water Operations include the following funds:

General Fund

Accounts for all financial resources and expenses of the district, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The funds principal source of revenue is water sales.

Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund

Accounts for monies accumulated for purposes of assisting with meeting bond debt covenants while smoothing rate spikes. The source of revenue is operating transfers from the General Fund.

Equipment Reserve Fund

Accounts for monies accumulated for future work truck acquisitions or replacements. The principal source of revenue is operating transfers from the General Fund.

Capital Improvement Reserve Fund

Accounts for monies accumulated for future capital improvements and monies spent on capital improvements. The principal source of revenue is operating transfers from the General Fund.

System Development Charge Fund

This fund accounts for system improvement charges. The principal source of revenue is system development charges collected for all new meter connections or meter size upgrade.

For Generally Accepted Accounting Principles purposes, these funds are consolidated and reported as one Enterprise fund.

RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE TO GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Total Revenues		E	Total Expenditures		Net
BUDGETARY BASIS	Ф	2 007 722	Ф	0.070.070	Φ	1 100 474
General Fund	\$	3,995,732	\$	2,872,258	\$	1,123,474
Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund		1 7 4 4		1 42 000		(140.155)
Equipment Replacement Reserve Fund		1,744		143,899		(142,155)
Capital Improvement Reserve Fund		18,549		112,753		(94,204)
System Development Charges Fund		23,965				23,965
	\$	4,039,990	\$	3,128,910		911,080
Payment of long-term debt						270,000
•						ŕ
Capital outlay						256,652
Depreciation C. H. (7.1)						(405,831)
Change in allowance for uncollectibles						4,295
Change in accrued bond interest payable						2,464
Bond premium amortization						2,384
Change in net OPEB obligation						(5,969)
Change in deferred inflows/outflows of reso	ources					91,510
Loss on disposal of fixed assets						(36,401)
Change in net pension liability/asset						(242,250)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					\$	847,934

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget 2	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Charges for water	\$3,817,000	\$ 3,817,000	\$ 3,901,044	\$ 84,044
Fines and forfeitures	6,000	6,000	1,780	(4,220)
Rights of way fees	49,000	49,000	47,246	(1,754)
Miscellaneous	32,000	32,000	45,662	13,662
Total Revenues	3,904,000	3,904,000	3,995,732	91,732
EXPENDITURES				
Personal services	956,000	956,000	938,135	17,865
Materials and services	1,737,000	1,687,000	1,574,844	112,156
Debt service				
Principal	270,000	270,000	270,000	-
Interest	89,000	89,000	89,279	(279)
Contingency	1,017,000	987,000		987,000
Total Expenditures	4,069,000	3,989,000	2,872,258	1,116,742
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(165,000)	(85,000)	1,123,474	1,208,474
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(765,000)	(845,000)	(845,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(930,000)	(930,000)	278,474	1,208,474
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	930,000	930,000	1,033,107	103,107
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,311,581	\$ 1,311,581

RATE STABILIZATION RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget	Amounts			
	Original Final		Actual	Variance	
EXPENDITURES Contingency	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000	\$ -	\$ 800,000	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(800,000)	(800,000)	-	800,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(800,000)	(800,000)	-	800,000	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	800,000	800,000	800,000		
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000	

EQUIPMENT RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts							
	Original		<u>Final</u>		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES								
Interest income	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	1,744	\$	(256)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		100,000		155,000		143,899		11,101
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(98,000)		(153,000)		(142,155)		10,845
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		125,000		180,000		180,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		27,000		27,000		37,845		10,845
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year		217,000		217,000		220,128		3,128
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	244,000	\$	244,000	\$	257,973	\$	13,973

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget 2	Amounts		
	Original Final		Actual	Variance
REVENUES Interest income	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 18,549	\$ (3,451)
increst meone	Ψ 22,000	Ψ 22,000	Ψ 10,517	ψ (3,131)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	210,000	235,000	112,753	122,247
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(188,000)	(213,000)	(94,204)	118,796
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	640,000	665,000	665,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	452,000	452,000	570,796	118,796
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	2,223,000	2,223,000	2,227,969	4,969
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ 2,675,000	\$ 2,675,000	\$ 2,798,765	\$ 123,765

SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts							
	0	riginal	Final		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES System development charges Interest income	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	23,672 293	\$	15,672 293
Total Revenues		8,000		8,000		23,965		15,965
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		8,000		8,000		23,965		15,965
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		34,000		34,000		30,789		(3,211)
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	42,000	\$	42,000	\$	54,754	\$	12,754

NOTES TO THE OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Budgetary Information

On or before June 30 of each year, the District enacts a resolution approving the budget and appropriating expenditures. Prior to enacting this resolution, the proposed budget is presented to a budget committee consisting of members of the District Board of Commissioners and a like number of interested citizens. The budget committee presents the budget to the District Board of Commissioners for budget hearings prior to enactment of the resolution. The District budgets all funds as required by Oregon Local Budget Law.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the legal level of control by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. The district adopts its budget at the object level within each fund: Personal Services, Materials and Services, Capital Outlay, Contingency, and Transfers to Other Funds. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific information for the above-mentioned expenditure categories. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget by a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and adoption by the District Board of Commissioners. Management may modify original and supplemental budgets using appropriation transfers between the legal levels of control within a fund. Management may not amend the budget without seeking the approval of the Board of Commissioners.

On December 30, 2020 the board passed resolution 07-2020 authorizing a \$30,000 transfer from the general fund contingency into the equipment reserve fund capital outlay.

On March 17, 2021 the board passed resolution 05-2021 authorizing a \$25,000 transfer from the general fund materials and services into the equipment reserve fund capital outlay.

On April 21, 2021 the board passed resolution 06-2021 authorizing a \$25,000 transfer from the general fund materials and services into the capital reserve fund capital outlay.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This section of the West Slope Water District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	51
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, water rates revenue.	54
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	58
Demographic Information These schedules offer demographic information to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	60
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to services provided and activities performed.	62

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	ivestment in	Unı	restricted	Re	stricted	Tota	l Net Position
2021	\$ 7,934,982	\$	4,142,834	\$	54,753	\$	12,132,569
2020	7,825,088		3,428,758		30,789		11,284,635
2019	7,872,710		3,014,569		14,392		10,901,671
2018	7,548,389		2,472,570		3,250		10,024,209
2017	7,099,958		2,487,631		53,252		9,640,841
2016	5,863,471		3,312,080		110,512		9,286,063
2015	5,762,949		3,102,909		92,106		8,957,964
2014	5,863,722		2,606,512		127,433		8,597,667
2013	5,932,798		2,012,576		162,634		8,108,008
2012	5,697,259		1,823,376		200,084		7,720,719

Source: West Slope Water District Financial Statements

CHANGES IN NET POSITION Page 1/2

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Water service	\$ 2,594,387	\$ 2,936,698	\$ 2,767,456	\$ 3,001,360
Service installations	2,655	2,050	4,676	4,072
Penalties	9,045	9,880	9,695	6,195
Service Modifications	89	269	340	446
Beaverton Reimbursement	15,708	15,624	15,533	15,649
Miscellaneous	38,255	11,978	3,722	3,019
Rights of way fees				
Total operating revenues	2,660,139	2,976,499	2,801,422	3,030,741
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Salaries and wages	451,128	499,973	518,856	544,032
Payroll taxes and benefits	284,411	229,047	220,298	8,002
Water purchases	896,502	1,009,564	824,241	877,072
Repair and maintenance	48,036	84,264	128,322	84,272
Depreciation	321,879	330,875	339,724	344,741
Cost of services	10,920	10,914	94	-
Supplies	1,966	3,626	48,658	54,842
Utilities	16,414	15,452	21,817	13,630
Administrative	131,101	125,913	65,407	57,104
Rights of way fees	-	-	-	-
Professional services	40,101	68,156	54,841	73,610
Total operating expenses	2,202,458	2,377,784	2,222,258	2,057,305
Operating income (loss)	457,681	598,715	579,164	973,436
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):				
Interest income	6,571	7,974	9,473	11,582
Interest expense	(160,878)	(153,923)	(146,790)	(154,367)
Gain (Loss) on disposal of asset	-	10,200	10,000	-
Total non-operating income (expenses)	(154,307)	(135,749)	(127,317)	(142,785)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS:				
SDC	18,347	38,859	37,812	34,130
Donated Infrastructure	-	_	-	-
Change in net position	321,721	501,825	489,659	864,781
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	7,398,998	7,720,719	8,108,008	8,597,667
Accumulative adjustment for change in				
accounting principal		(114,536)		(504,484)

^{*}FY 2013 Prior Period Adjustment reflects compliance with GASB No.63 Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.

^{*}FY 2015 Prior Period adjustment reflects compliance with GASB No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued page 2/2)

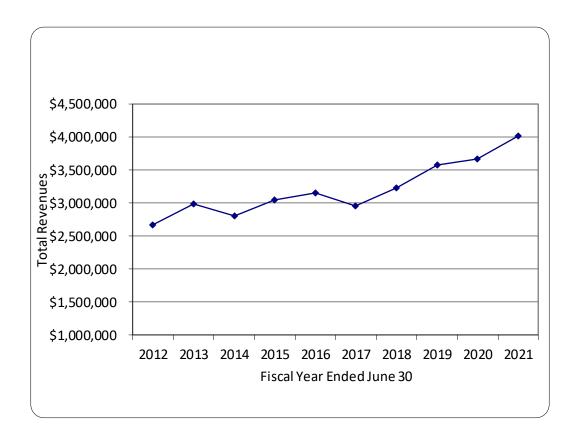
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 3,097,839	\$ 2,873,040	\$ 3,101,349	\$ 3,428,519	\$ 3,515,801	\$ 3,901,044
12,741	819	4,801	1,706	5,059	8,510
5,451	6,429	6,605	9,355	6,900	1,780
3,916	4,749	4,021	2,543	2,300	5,161
15,725	15,546	15,572	18,848	15,655	15,678
2,579	438	576	1,024	508	7,286
-	20,385	39,135	43,080	43,824	47,246
3,138,251	2,921,406	3,172,059	3,505,075	3,590,047	3,986,705
529,018	523,005	552,766	568,020	590,706	591,499
610,988	340,380	287,843	351,123	463,359	503,345
927,791	962,458	1,222,744	1,222,219	1,359,983	1,220,019
97,108	107,297	87,890	149,739	91,639	127,331
345,390	337,117	367,989	400,304	404,775	405,831
-	-	-	-	-	-
51,664	55,352	63,129	67,713	83,186	73,152
13,989	16,431	14,006	12,753	12,826	11,843
63,267	67,093	58,117	64,187	74,334	47,288
-	20,499	39,173	43,241	43,970	59,658
61,089	36,661	32,982	55,129	80,904	31,258
2,700,304	2,466,293	2,726,639	2,934,428	3,205,682	3,071,224
437,947	455,113	445,420	570,647	384,365	915,481
17.052	22.164	46.007	(0.215	71.771	20.612
17,852	33,164	46,827	69,215	71,661	29,613
(145,608)	(136,187)	(126,254) 12,000	(117,212) 5,441	(88,579)	(84,431) (36,401)
(127,756)	(103,023)	(67,427)	(42,556)	(16,918)	(91,219)
(127,730)	(103,023)	(07,427)	(42,330)	(10,710)	(71,217)
17,908	2,688	5,375	11,371	15,517	23,672
-	_,~~~ <u>-</u>	-,	338,000		- , . · · -
328,099	354,778	383,368	877,462	382,964	847,934
8,957,964	9,286,063	9,640,841	10,024,209	10,901,671	11,284,635
<u>-</u>					<u> </u>
\$ 9,286,063	\$ 9,640,841	\$10,024,209	\$10,901,671	\$11,284,635	\$12,132,569

REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	Water Services			iterest icome	Other		Total
2021	\$ 3,901,044	\$ 13,671	\$	29,613	\$	71,990	\$ 4,016,318
2020	3,515,801	5,059		71,661		69,187	3,661,708
2019	3,428,519	4,249		69,215		77,748	3,579,731
2018	3,101,349	8,822		46,827		73,888	3,230,886
2017	2,873,040	5,568		33,164		42,798	2,954,570
2016	3,097,839	16,657		17,852		23,755	3,156,103
2015	3,001,360	4,518		11,582		24,863	3,042,323
2014	2,767,456	5,016		9,473		28,950	2,810,895
2013	2,936,698	2,319		7,974		37,482	2,984,473
2012	2,594,387	2,744		6,571		63,008	2,666,710



Source: West Slope Water District Financial Statements

WATER RATE SCHEDULE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Historical Water Rates

Date of Rate Change **:	6/17/2021	9/19/2019	9/30/2018	11/1/2014	11/1/2012
Commodity Charge	\$ 5.73	\$ 5.41	\$ 4.83	\$ 4.31	\$ 4.31
Per 100 Cubic Feet (CCF)					
Monthly Service Charge					
3/4"	18.71	17.65	15.76	14.07	13.05
1"	31.80	30.00	26.79	23.92	22.19
1-1/2"	52.22	49.26	43.98	39.27	36.43
2"	79.98	75.45	67.37	60.15	55.80
3"	173.95	164.10	146.52	130.82	121.35
4"	262.99	248.10	221.52	197.79	183.48
6"	482.99	455.65	406.83	363.24	336.96
Date of Rate Change :	11/1/2011	7/1/2010	2/1/2010	7/1/2009	2/1/2009
Commodity Charge	11/1/2011 \$ 4.25	7/1/2010 \$ 4.10	\$ 3.64	7/1/2009 \$ 3.48	\$ 3.36
Commodity Charge Per 100 Cubic Feet (CCF)					
Commodity Charge Per 100 Cubic Feet (CCF) Monthly Service Charge	\$ 4.25	\$ 4.10	\$ 3.64	\$ 3.48	\$ 3.36
Commodity Charge Per 100 Cubic Feet (CCF)					
Commodity Charge Per 100 Cubic Feet (CCF) Monthly Service Charge	\$ 4.25	\$ 4.10	\$ 3.64	\$ 3.48	\$ 3.36
Commodity Charge Per 100 Cubic Feet (CCF) Monthly Service Charge 3/4"	\$ 4.25 11.86	\$ 4.10 7.22	\$ 3.64	\$ 3.48	\$ 3.36
Commodity Charge Per 100 Cubic Feet (CCF) Monthly Service Charge 3/4" 1"	\$ 4.25 11.86 20.17	\$ 4.10 7.22 14.37	\$ 3.64 7.22 14.37	\$ 3.48 6.87 13.69	\$ 3.36 6.87 13.69
Commodity Charge Per 100 Cubic Feet (CCF) Monthly Service Charge 3/4" 1" 1-1/2"	\$ 4.25 11.86 20.17 33.12	\$ 4.10 7.22 14.37 26.30	\$ 3.64 7.22 14.37 26.30	\$ 3.48 6.87 13.69 25.05	\$ 3.36 6.87 13.69 25.05
Commodity Charge Per 100 Cubic Feet (CCF) Monthly Service Charge 3/4" 1" 1-1/2" 2"	\$ 4.25 11.86 20.17 33.12 50.73	\$ 4.10 7.22 14.37 26.30 40.62	\$ 3.64 7.22 14.37 26.30 40.62	\$ 3.48 6.87 13.69 25.05 38.69	\$ 3.36 6.87 13.69 25.05 38.69
Commodity Charge Per 100 Cubic Feet (CCF) Monthly Service Charge 3/4" 1" 1-1/2" 2" 3"	\$ 4.25 11.86 20.17 33.12 50.73 110.32	\$ 4.10 7.22 14.37 26.30 40.62 78.79	\$ 3.64 7.22 14.37 26.30 40.62 78.79	\$ 3.48 6.87 13.69 25.05 38.69 75.04	\$ 3.36 6.87 13.69 25.05 38.69 75.04

^{**}No Rate Increase in 2020, 2015, 2016, 2017 or 2013.

Conversions: 748 gallons equals one CCF

Source: West Slope Water District Utility Billing Records

SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES SCHEDULE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					***	***	
Date of Rate Change:	4	/1/2021	 0/1/2020	4	4/1/2019	 2/1/2015	 2/1/2015
Meter Size							
3/4"	\$	1,660	\$ 1,567	\$	1,552	\$ 1,344	\$ 3,127
1"		3,319	3,132		3,103	2,687	7,812
1-1/2"		8,299	7,832		7,758	6,718	15,633
2"		13,279	12,532		12,414	10,749	25,011
3"		26,558	25,062		24,827	21,498	49,932
4"		41,497	39,161		38,793	33,591	78,469
6"		82,994	78,323		77,586	67,182	156,325

Historical SDC Rates

Date of Rate Change:	 /1/2014	 2/1/2013	2	2/1/2012	 2/1/2011	 2/1/2010
Meter Size						
3/4"	\$ 3,054	\$ 2,833	\$	2,779	\$ 2,672	\$ 2,652
1"	7,629	7,077		6,943	6,676	6,627
1-1/2"	15,266	14,161		13,890	13,356	13,258
2"	24,425	22,658		22,224	21,369	21,212
3"	48,763	45,235		44,370	42,663	42,427
4"	76,630	71,085		69,736	67,054	66,291
6"	152,661	141,615		138,906	133,563	132,582

Source: West Slope Water District

^{***} There were no rate changes between 12/01/2015 and 04/01/2019

UNCOLLECTABLE DEBT Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Write Off	Water Revenues	% of Revenue
2021	\$ 705	\$ 3,901,044	0.018%
2020	-	3,515,801	0.000%
2019	-	3,428,519	0.000%
2018	-	3,101,349	0.000%
2017	-	2,873,040	0.000%
2016	1,908	3,097,839	0.062%
2015	-	3,001,360	0.000%
2014	1,194	2,767,456	0.043%
2013	-	2,936,698	0.000%
2012	492	2,594,387	0.019%

Source: West Slope Water District Utility Billing Records

REVENUE BOND DEBT COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Income &	Operating	Net Available	SDC		Debt Service		Cover	age Ratios
Year	Revenue*	Expense**	Revenue	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	With SDC	Without SDC
Require	ed ratio of net r	evenue to debt	service as per t	he District's	bond resolutio	on:		1.25	1.15
2021	\$ 4,000,640	\$ 2,665,393	\$ 1,335,247	\$ 23,672	\$ 270,000	\$ 84,431	\$ 354,431	3.834	3.767
2020	3,246,053	2,800,907	445,146	15,517	260,000	94,097	354,097	1.301	1.257
2019	3,355,442	2,534,124	821,318	11,371	250,000	107,681	357,681	2.328	2.296
2018	3,003,314	2,358,650	644,664	5,375	240,000	116,856	356,856	1.822	1.807
2017	2,918,639	2,108,677	809,962	2,688	230,000	126,256	356,256	2.281	2.274
2016	3,140,378	2,354,914	785,464	17,908	225,000	135,356	360,356	2.229	2.180
2015	3,026,674	1,712,565	1,314,109	34,130	215,000	143,619	358,619	3.760	3.664
2014	2,795,363	1,882,534	912,829	37,812	205,000	150,969	355,969	2.671	2.564
2013	2,968,849	2,046,909	921,940	38,859	200,000	158,056	358,056	2.683	2.575
2012	2,618,002	1,880,579	737,423	18,347	195,000	164,969	359,969	2.100	2.049

^{*} Income excludes Beaverton reimbursement & insurance proceeds

^{*} Income is reduced by transfers to the rate stabilization fund as follows:

2020	\$ (400,000)	Transfer to rate stabilization
2019	\$ (200,000)	Transfer to rate stabilization
2018	\$ (200,000)	Transfer to rate stabilization

^{**} Operating expense excludes depreciation expense

Additional information on Long-Term Debt is located in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Source: West Slope Water District Financial Statements

			Debt Per
As of		Service	Service
June 30	Debt	Connections	Connection
2021	\$ 2,205,898	3,243	\$ 680
2020	2,478,282	3,237	766
2019	2,740,666	3,224	850
2018	2,993,050	3,225	928
2017	3,235,434	3,221	1,004
2016	3,467,818	3,216	1,078
2015	3,695,203	3,218	1,148
2014	3,912,588	3,308	1,183
2013	4,119,972	3,329	1,238
2012	4,322,355	3,326	1,300

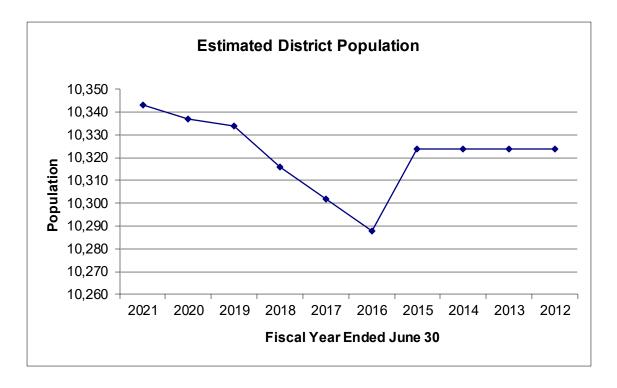
Source: West Slope Water District Financial Statements

West Slope Water District Utility Billing Records

Additional information on Long-Term Debt is located in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements

As of June 30	Administration	Field Operations	_Total_	Service Connections	District Population (Estimated)	Employees Per 1,000 population
2021	3.00	4.00	7.00	3,243	10,343	0.68
2020	3.00	4.00	7.00	3,237	10,337	0.68
2019	3.00	4.00	7.00	3,224	10,334	0.68
2018	3.00	4.00	7.00	3,225	10,316	0.68
2017	3.00	4.00	7.00	3,221	10,302	0.68
2016	3.00	4.00	7.00	3,216	10,288	0.68
2015	3.00	4.00	7.00	3,218	10,324	0.68
2014	3.00	4.00	7.00	3,308	10,324	0.68
2013	3.00	4.00	7.00	3,329	10,324	0.68
2012	3.00	4.00	7.00	3,326	10,324	0.68

Source: West Slope Water District Payroll Records
Portland State University Center for Population Research and Census



TOP TEN RATE PAYERS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year 2021			Fis	cal Year 2012		
Rate Payer	Usage (CCF*)	Rank	Percentage of District Total	Usage (CCF*)	Rank	Percentage of District Total	
Canyon Park Apartments	16,015	1	3.27%	15,513	2	3.07%	
Commerce Properties	13,903	2	2.84%	18,403	1	3.64%	
Lanphere Enterprises	8,141	3	1.66%	3,284	13	0.65%	
Kaady Car Wash	8,001	4	1.63%	8,460	3	1.67%	
Prestige Senior Living	7,708	5	1.57%	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Lithia Motors	7,258	6	1.48%	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Jesuit High School	6,780	7	1.38%	5,401	9	1.07%	
Canyon Court Condo	6,337	8	1.29%	6,154	5	1.22%	
West Slope Terrace	5,430	9	1.11%	5,730	8	1.13%	
Cambridge Real Estate	5,164	10	1.05%	n/a	n/a	n/a	
TOTALS	84,737		17.48%	62,945		10.18%	

Source: West Slope Water District Utility Billing Records

^{*1} CCF (Hundred Cubic Feet) = 748 Gallons

SCHEDULE OF WATER SALES AND PURCHASES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

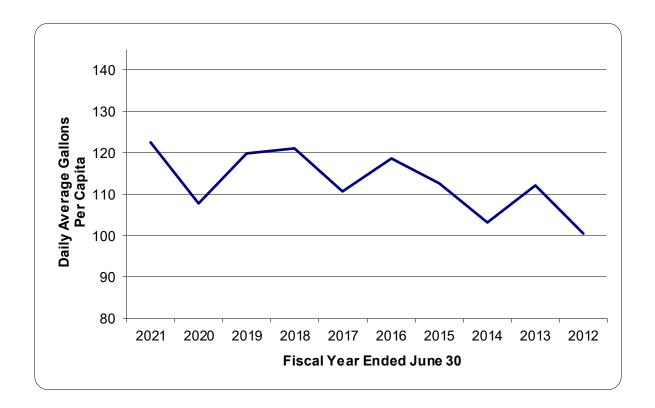
Fiscal Year			Purchases as a		Net as a
Ended June 30	Water Sales	Water Purchases	Percent of Sales	Net Amount	Percent of Sales
2021	\$ 3,901,044	\$ 1,220,019	31.3%	\$ 2,681,025	68.7%
2020	3,515,801	1,359,983	38.7%	2,155,818	61.3%
2019	3,428,519	1,222,219	35.6%	2,206,300	64.4%
2018	3,101,349	1,222,744	39.4%	1,878,605	60.6%
2017	2,873,040	962,458	33.5%	1,910,582	66.5%
2016	3,097,839	927,791	29.9%	2,170,048	70.1%
2015	3,001,360	877,072	29.2%	2,124,288	70.8%
2014	2,767,456	824,240	29.8%	1,943,216	70.2%
2013	2,936,698	1,009,564	34.4%	1,927,134	65.6%
2012	2,594,387	896,502	34.6%	1,697,885	65.4%

Source: West Slope Water District Finacial Statements

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Annual Gallons Consumed	Average Daily Consumption	Average Daily Per Capita Consumption	District Population (Estimated)
2021	462,119,636	1,266,081	122	10,343
2020	406,189,432	1,112,848	108	10,337
2019	451,869,792	1,237,999	120	10,334
2018	455,679,356	1,248,437	121	10,316
2017	415,761,588	1,139,073	111	10,302
2016	445,217,828	1,219,775	119	10,288
2015	423,943,960	1,161,490	113	10,324
2014	388,252,392	1,063,705	103	10,324
2013	422,744,168	1,158,203	112	10,324
2012	378,900,148	1,038,083	101	10,324

Source: West Slope Water District

Portland State University Center for Population Research and Census



WATER PURCHASED AND CONSUMED

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Water			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Purchased in CCF *	Water Sold in CCF *	Unbilled CCF *	Annual Percent Unbilled
2021	617,807	535,229	82,578	13.37%
2020	543,034	489,913	53,121	9.78%
2019	604,104	547,929	56,175	9.30%
2018	609,197	534,842	74,355	12.21%
2017	555,831	498,768	57,063	10.27%
2016	595,211	544,543	50,668	8.51%
2015	566,770	509,771	56,999	10.06%
2014	519,054	484,741	34,313	6.61%
2013	565,166	519,738	45,428	8.04%
2012	506,551	505,532	1,019	0.20%

Source: West Slope Water District

^{*1} CCF (Hundred Cubic Feet) = 748 Gallons

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Board of Commissioners West Slope Water District Portland, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of West Slope Water District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2021.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners and management of the District and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

By:

Devan W. Esch, A Shareholder December 1, 2021

Deven Work